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SOURCE Sovetskaya Estoniya, No 13, 1950.

ESTONIAN SSR COMPLETES 1949 PLAN

The Statistics Administration Estonian SSR reports that the 1949 gross-production plan was fulfilled by individual ministries, combines and enterprises as follows:

	Percent
"Estonian Planets" Combine	99.8
"Estonenergo"	80
"Vol'ta" Plant	107
Tallin Machine-Building Plant	106
"Kokkila-Yarve" Shale-Processing Combine	101
Krengol'm Textile Mill	105
Locomotive and railroad-car repair plant	75
Ministry of Timber and Paper Industry	105
Ministry of Fish Industry	106
Ministry of Food Industry	115
Ministry of Local Industry	103
Ministry of Shale and Chemical Industry	99.6
Ministry of Housing and Civilian Construction and Construction Materials Industry	123
Ministry of Agriculture	78
Ministry of State Farms	107
Ministry of Trade	109
Polygraphic Industry Association	107
Estonian Republic Union of Consumers' Societies	113
Main Administration of Automobile Transport	67
Ministry of Communal Economy	114
Central Union of Agricultural Cooperatives	113
Administration for Utilization of Small Rivers and Lakes for Transport	102
Main Administration of Industrial Cooperatives	104
Council of Invalids' Cooperatives	118

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The following industrial enterprises fulfilled and exceeded the 1949 plan both for gross production and for main types of industrial products: "Kukruse," "Kyava," and "Kyutteyyu" mines; "Kokhtla" and "Eesti Fosforit" combines; Tallin Machine-Building Plant, Tootsi Briquette Plant, Cellulose and Paper Combine imeni V. Kingisepp, "Kekhra" Cellulose Plant, Tallin Match Factory, Tallin Bread Combine, "Karamel" Confectionery Factory, "Leek" Tobacco Factory, Tallin Paper Factory, "Keyla" Textile Factory, "Marat" Knitwear Factory, "Pykh'yala" Rubber Factory, "Tarbeklaas" Glass Plant, "Yarvakandi Tekhased" Combine, "Punane Kunda" Cement Plant, "Silikat" and "Kvarts" silicate plants, Tallin Brick Plant, and others.

While the following ministries and combines completed the 1949 gross-production plan, a number of their enterprises, as indicated, failed to meet the year plan: "Estonianets" Combine -- mines No 10 and No 6; Ministry of Timber and Paper Industry -- 12 enterprises; Ministry of Fish Industry -- one enterprise; Ministry of Food Industry -- 6; Ministry of Local Industry -- 13; Ministry of Shale and Chemical Industry -- 2; and Ministry of Housing and Civilian Construction and Construction Materials Industry -- 5 enterprises.

In comparison with 1948, the 1949 plan for production of main types of industrial goods was fulfilled as follows:

	1949 Plan in %	1949 in % of 1948
Electric power	80	107
Peat briquettes	103	148
Shale	100	103
Shale oil	94	120
Phosphate fertilizer	132	157
Cement	107	121
Lime	122	80
Construction brick	103	129
Tar roofing paper	97	138
Window glass	135	97
Electric motors	103	136
Electric wiring	83	184
Radio receivers	66	115
Sowing machines	94	130
Nails	108	102
Logging	87	62
Timber hauling	111	103
Lumber	99	112
Plywood	105	139
Matches	102	144
Furniture	95	120
Paper	120	133
Rubber shoes	120	182
Cotton fabric	109	185
Wool fabric	111	114
Linen fabric	96	123
Artificial silk fabric	101	117
Hosiery	109	125
Knit underwear	108	128
Hard leather	79	127
Soft leather	91	122
Leather shoes	105	128
Fish catch	112	128
Meat	117	94
Canned meat	122	192

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	1949 Plan in %	1949 in % of 1948
Canned fish	121	149
Sausage	115	106
Butter and fat	102	117
Cheese	55	94
Flour	100	103
Bakery products	105	109
Confectionery	117	122
Alcohol	139	155
Cigarettes	120	114
Soap	87	169

The following ministries, while fulfilling the gross-production plan, failed to meet the plan for production of the products indicated: Ministry of Timber and Paper Industry -- lumber, ties, and furniture; Ministry of Food Industry -- groats, macaroni, cheese, bakery products, and flour; Ministry of Local Industry -- plows, sowing machines, radio receivers, aluminum ware, linen fabric, cord, hard leather, and soft leather; Ministry of Shale and Chemical Industry -- shale mining, shale oil, and gasoline; Ministry of Housing and Civilian Construction and Construction Materials Industry -- roofing tiles, and "Rolliyt" construction tiles; Main Administration of Industrial Cooperatives -- bricks, tar roofing paper, furniture, wool yarn, felt boots, hard and soft leather, and soap; Central Union of Agricultural Cooperatives -- cheese, logging of commercial timber, and hauling of commercial timber and firewood.

The 1949 plan for volume of industrial production was fulfilled 107 percent by the whole industry of the republic. The 1949 output of goods was 23 percent over 1948.

The average monthly number of workers in industry increased 13 percent over 1948. During 1949, a large number of new skilled workers were trained by individual and brigade training in industrial enterprises. New technological processes and mechanized labor methods were introduced in the shale industry and in enterprises of the textile, food, and meat and dairy industries, resulting in increased capacity and labor productivity, reduction of costs, and improved quality of products.

In 1949, labor productivity of industrial workers increased 11 percent over 1948.

During 1949, considerable capital investments were made in the construction of enterprises of light industry, food industry, meat and dairy industry, housing, and cultural institutions. The 1949 capital construction plan was fulfilled by individual ministries as follows:

	Percent
Ministry of Timber and Paper Industry	71
Ministry of Fish Industry	75
Ministry of Food Industry	100.4
Ministry of Local Industry	99.9
Ministry of Shale and Chemical Industry	100.3
Ministry of Agriculture	59
Ministry of State Farms	95
Main Administration of Land Development	100
Ministry of Health	109
Ministry of Education	97
Administration of Arts	205

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	<u>Percent</u>
Main Administration of Automobile Transport	97
Ministry of Cinematography	86
Ministry of Trade	98
Ministry of Housing and Civilian Construction and Construction Materials Industry	83
Ministry of Communal Economy	93

All branches of national economy completed 95 percent of the 1949 capital construction plan, including 103 percent for housing construction.

The Estonian Railroad System fulfilled the 1949 loading plan 101 percent for wide-gauge railroads and 106 percent for narrow-gauge railroads. The volume of loading in 1949 increased 7 percent on wide-gauge railroads and 14 percent on narrow-gauge railroads, as compared with 1948.

The Main Administration of Automobile Transport fulfilled the 1949 plan as follows:

	<u>Percent</u>
Freight carried in tons	91
Freight carried in ton-kilometers	90
Passengers carried	117

The amount of freight hauled in 1949 increased 32 percent over 1948 and the number of passengers increased 132 percent.

An important achievement in 1949 was the conversion of individual peasant holdings to collective farming. Three-fourths of all peasant holdings were organized into kolkhozes. During 1949, 2,600 new kolkhozes were established. The government assists the new kolkhozes by providing tractors, agricultural machinery, mineral fertilizers, and by granting credits.

During 1949, 15 new MTS were organized in the Estonian SSR. The plan for MTS tractor work was exceeded. Compared with 1948, tractor work by MTS increased 2.4 times.

Harvest crops collected by kolkhozes were higher than in 1948 and the plan for grain procurement and other deliveries was fulfilled ahead of schedule.

The majority of kolkhozes in the republic have four farms for beef and dairy cattle; 99.5 percent of kolkhozes have farms for large cattle, 98 percent have pig farms, 97 percent have sheep farms, and 95 percent have poultry farms.

A serious shortcoming in Estonian agriculture is the failure of kolkhozes and individual peasant holdings to fulfill the plan for grain sowing and the development of new areas for farming.

All trading organizations of the republic completed 96 percent of the 1949 plan for retail commodity turnover, including 95 percent for retail trade turnover and 100 percent for turnover in public eating enterprises. Individual trading organizations fulfilled the turnover plan as follows:

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	<u>Retail Trade Enterprises (%)</u>	<u>Public Eating Enterprises (%)</u>
Ministry of Trade Estonian SSR	69	102
Main Administration of Special Food Stores (Glavgastronom)	95	-
Main Administration of Depart- ment Stores (Glavunivermag)	81	-
Central Union of Estonian Re- public Union of Consumers' Societies	101	112
Central Union of Agricultural Cooperatives	88	109
Industrial cooperatives	87	80
ORS	93	93

During 1949, consumers bought more of the following products than in 1948: silk, cotton and linen fabrics, leather and rubber shoes, fish, meat, confectionery, cheese, soap, and other items. The sale of agricultural products in markets increased in 1949 and there was a further reduction of prices on farm products.

During the 1949-50 school year, the number of students in primary, 7-year, and secondary schools increased 25 percent over 1940, and the number of students in the 5th, 6th and 7th grades increased 32 percent.

The number of students in higher educational institutions exceeds the 1940 number by 43 percent. The number of students who were graduated from higher educational institutions in the 1948-49 school year is four times greater than the number of graduates of 1947-48. The number of students in technical schools and other secondary special educational institutions is 4.5 times greater than during 1940-41.

Pioneer camps accommodated 19 percent more children during the summer of 1949 than in 1948.

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